



An original structured open-source dataset of non-pharmaceutical interventions in response to COVID-19

AN EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROJECT TO THE COVID-19 CRISIS

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Background

- In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, governments have implemented a wide range of non-pharmaceutical interventions (NPIs), under rapidly changing, unprecedented circumstances.
- These measures aim to:
 - Prevent the introduction of infectious diseases,
 - Control their spread,
 - Reduce their burden on the health system.



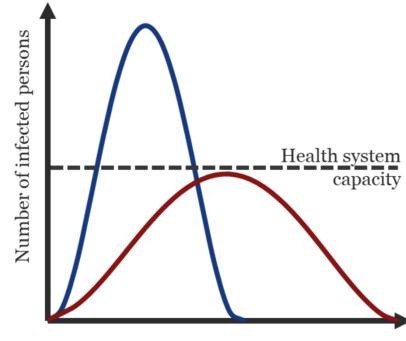




Background

The general concept of containing the initial spread of a disease is called "flattening the curve".

→ Reduce the stress on the healthcare system and help gaining time to develop and produce vaccines and specific medications.



Time since beginning of the outbreak

—Without measures —With measures

Source: OECD







Background

- Government control policies have shown divergences in particular in the timeline of implementation and in the prioritization of the NPIs.
- Sometimes measures were/are limiting civil rights and liberty.
 - → Unique in modern human history.
- Monitoring and documenting government strategies during the COVID-19 crisis is crucial to understand the progression of the epidemic.
- → Need for data on country-based responses to COVID-19 was urgent (and is still essential). BUT...Limited opportunities to collect these data...







Objective of the project

Started in mid-March 2020, our project aims to **generate a comprehensive structured dataset on government responses to COVID-19**, including the respective time schedules of their implementation.

The dataset is intended to mobilize researchers to generate new insights in support of the fight against COVID-19.







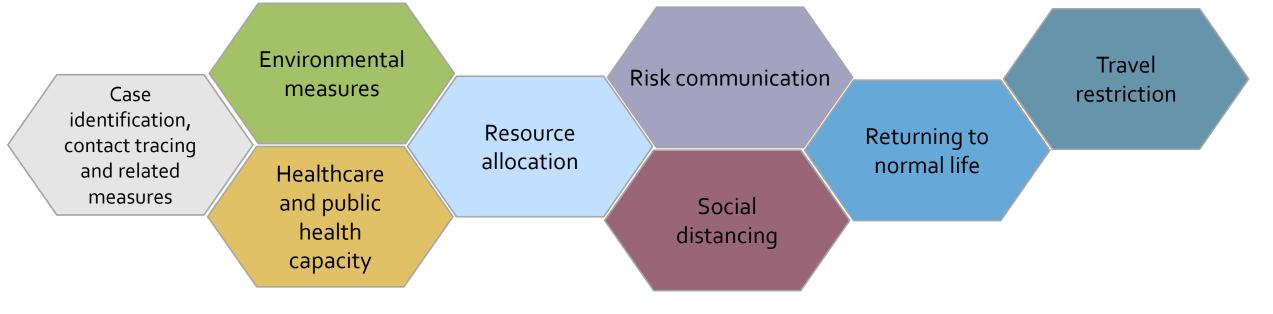
- Content analysis strategy of existing information sources
- o Systematically transform a large amount of text into a highly organised and concise summary.
- We developed a hierarchical coding scheme specific to NPIs implemented to mitigate the burden of COVID-19
 - → Standardize the data collection and obtain a structured dataset that uses a consistent taxonomy, and therefore, promotes common understanding.







- Literature review on community mitigation strategies and expert knowledge
 - → 8 themes (L₁) identified:



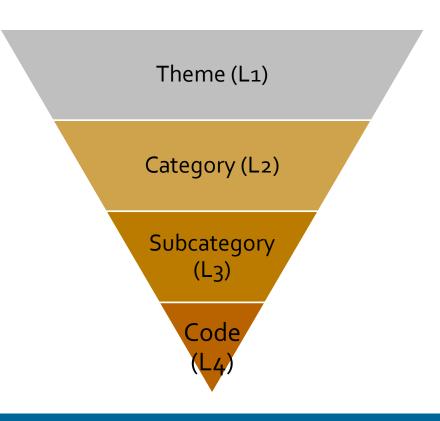






- Template of *α priori* codes (mid-March 2020)
 - List of NPIs that have been already implemented by different governments.
 - Each NPI was assigned to a theme.
 - Specific details and descriptions of each NPI → coded into a priori categories (L2), and into subsequent a priori subcategories (L3) and codes (L4).

(a priori = developed before examining the current data)



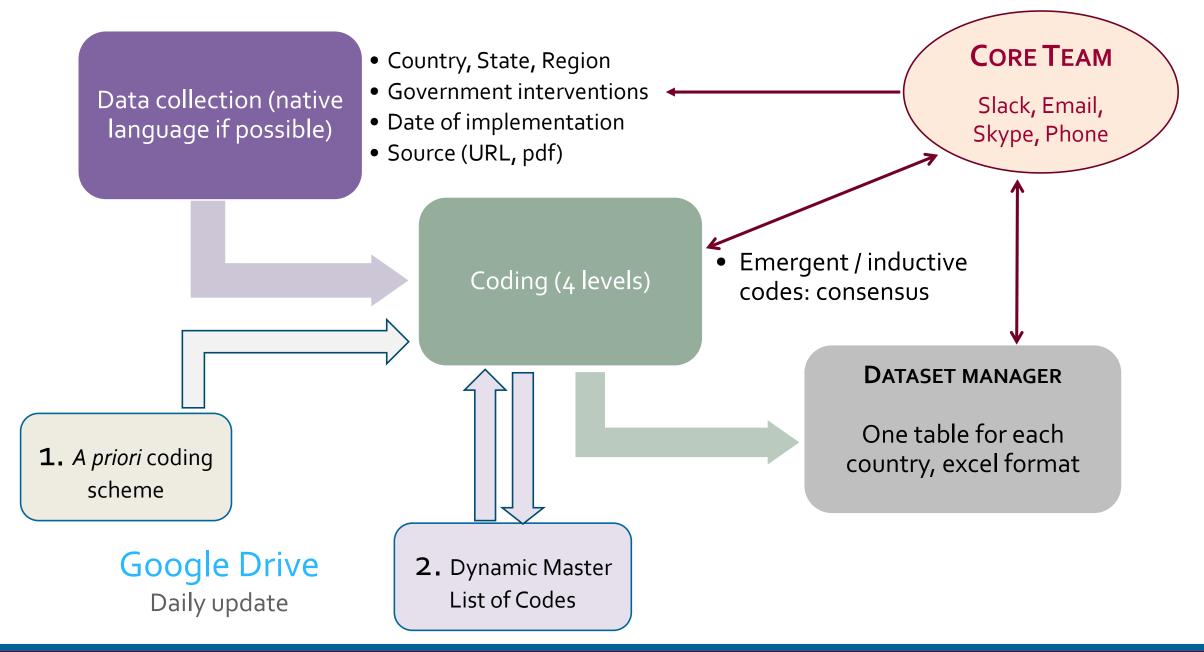




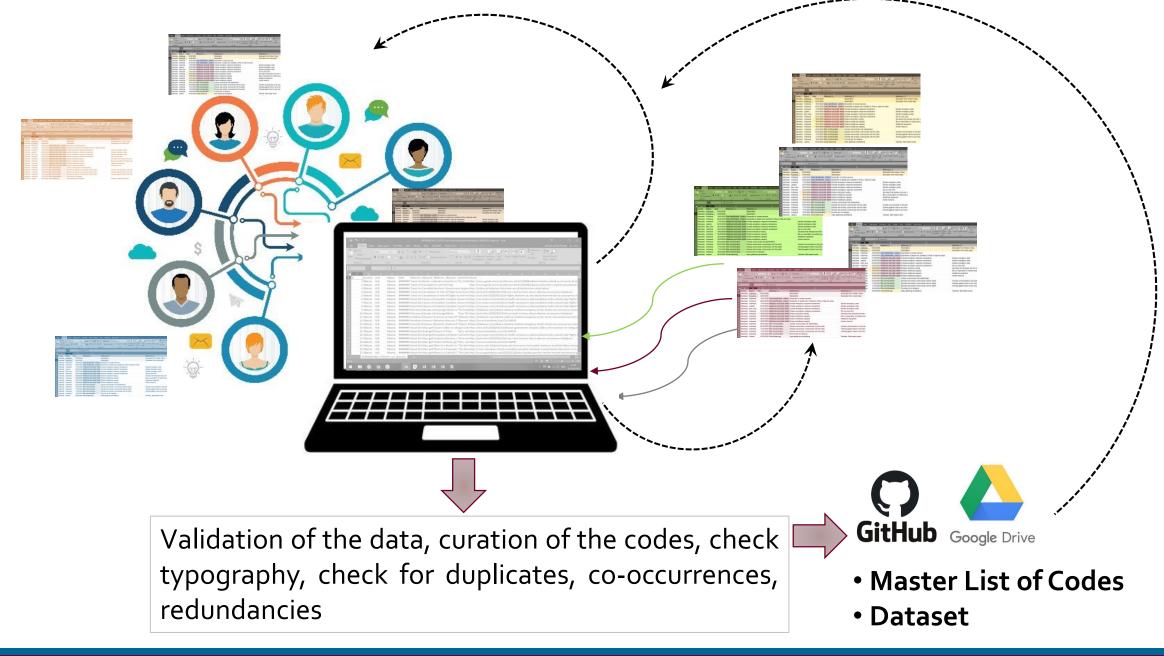


- Sources of data = public sources
 - Official government webpage,
 - Peer-reviewed and non-peer-reviewed scientific papers,
 - Webpages of public health institutions (WHO, CDC, ECDC),
 - Press releases,
 - Newspaper articles,
 - Government communication through social media.















Results / CCSL DATASET

The Complexity Science Hub COVID-19 Strategies List (CCCSL) Dataset

- Dynamic dataset: .csv file (each row = one NPI + unique ID)
- Master List of Codes + Glossary of Codes (dynamic)

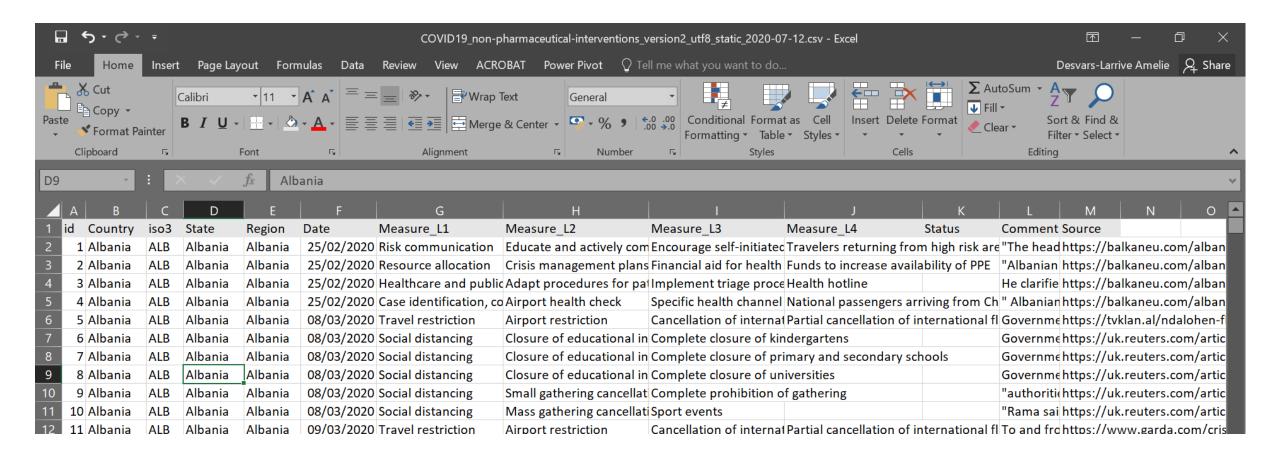
- First release, version 1: 2 April 2020 (~ 3,000 NPIs recorded, 53 countries)
- Communication (Press release, Newspaper articles, <u>@Nature interview</u>)







Results / CCSL DATASET





Webpage: https://covid19-interventions.com/

Complexity Science Hub Vienna Website Github Repostiory

Measures Overview



The CSH COVID-19 Control Strategies List (CCCSL)

Government Interventions in Response to the COVID-19 Epidemic

During the COVID-19 pandemic, interventions were decided under rapidly changing, conjectural conditions, with limited (if any) prior experience. Worldwide, governments have implemented country-specific control strategies to prevent the introduction and mitigate the spread of the virus. However, were those measures effective?

Researchers at the Complexity Science Hub Vienna are building a comprehensive database of non-pharmaceutical interventions (NPIs) taken by the governments worldwide in order to assess the impact of these actions on the spread of the COVID-19 in the respective countries.

Data

Students, researchers, and volunteers are collecting data from public sources on the implemented NPIs, including the time schedules for the implementation.

The dataset describes the implemented NPIs for 57 countries, including the Diamond Princess cruise ship. Measures implemented at the subnational level (state, region, city) are also included.

The CCCSL provides the date of implementation of the NPI. Date of announcement was used when the date of implementation of the NPI could not be found (this is then specified in the field Comment).

NPIs are listed in a standardized manner, i.e. classified using a four-level hierarchical coding scheme (theme/category/subcategory/code). Eight major themes (level 1, L1 of the classification scheme) were identified and each NPI is assigned to one of them:

Google Form: https://bit.ly/2KsYOTn





CCCSL: CSH Covid-19 Control Strategies List

Complexity Science Hub Vienna's list of governmental non-pharmaceutical interventions against Covid-19

This database is "work in progress". Data are continually checked and the database is continually implemented and updated.

With this form, we aim to collect:

- feedback on our database
- correction and validation of current data.

Your feedback will help us to improve the coverage and quality of the CCCSL database.

List of countries & implemented measures:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1041U8iWPDSGI6KHIn9Dg7THkXIo3-gui

- want to add measures to a country
- I want to correct the existing list
- I have comments, ideas, suggestions

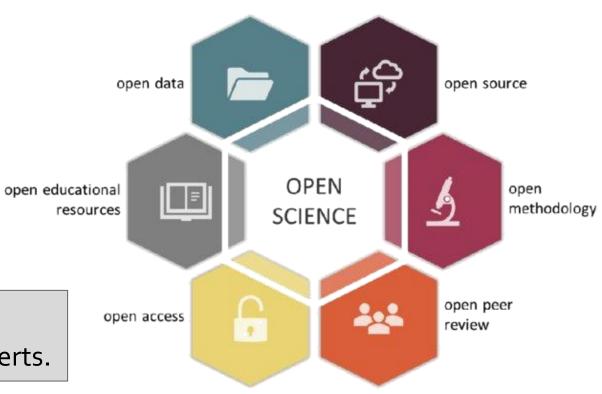






- Dataset and related documentation
- User-friendly materials
- Open access publication

Allow a maximum understanding of the data and promote use of the dataset, even among non-experts.



Source: Gallagher, R. V. et al. Open Science principles for accelerating trait-based science across the Tree of Life. Nature Ecology & Evolution 4, 294-303 (2020).





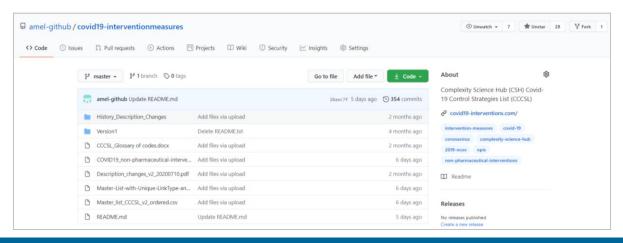


GitHub

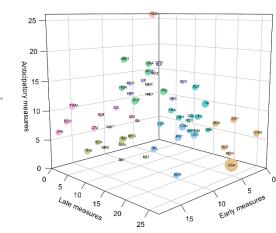
Results / Open Science

- Open source repository: Dataset & related documentation https://github.com/amel-github/covid19-interventionmeasures
- Open source repository: R codes

https://github.com/amel-github/CCCSL-Codes







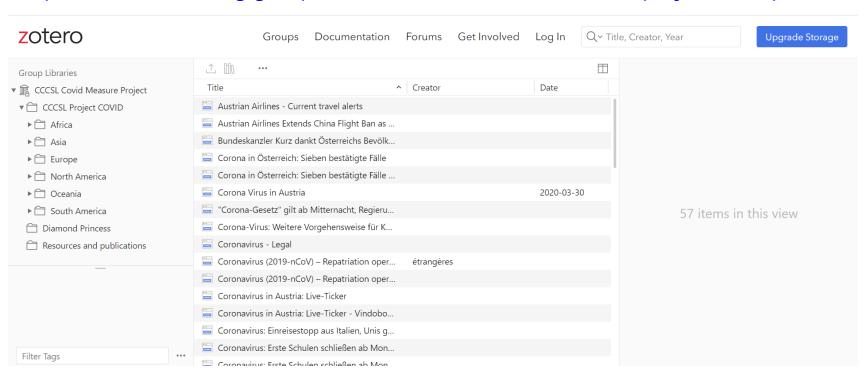






Open source library: Library of information sources

https://www.zotero.org/groups/2488884/cccsl_covid_measure_project/library











Open platform: World Pandemic Research Network (https://wprn.org/)

Searchable global directory of the scientific resources available on the Covid-19 pandemic.









- Publication: Open access journal
 - Pre-print server: <u>MedRXiv</u>, 8 May 2020
 - Peer-review publication, 27 Augusts 2020, *Scientific data* (https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-020-00609-9)









Results / Summary

The Complexity Science Hub COVID-19 Strategies List (CCCSL) Dataset

- A structured, exhaustive open dataset on COVID-19 NPIs.
- Readily usable for modelling and machine learning purposes.
- The specific, standardized coding and the Library of sources enhance the flexibility of use.

Value-added

- Remarkable granularity of the data on NPIs.
- Use of self-explanatory codes (words/short sentences), which, completed with the Glossary of Codes, makes the dataset readily intelligible, even for non experts.
- User friendly open-source documentation

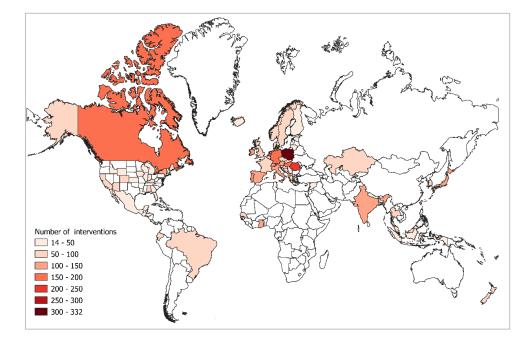






Recent development

- Version 2: 7 May 2020
- Consolidated coding scheme
- 57 countries (added: USA with data at the state level for 24 States, Poland, Ghana, Senegal)
- > 6,100 NPIs (3 Sept. 2020)



• Eight themes, 63 categories, > 500 subcategories, and > 2,000 codes







Joining the global effort

- The CCCSL has been integrated in the WHO PHSM Global Dataset
- We committed in April 2020



https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/phsm

PHSM Dataset Download the country reported public measures during COVID-19 dataset The datasets have last been updated on: ACAPS 19 August 2020 CDC_ITF 19 August 2020 19 August 2020 **CSHVienna GPHIN** 19 August 2020 **IHR** 19 August 2020 JH_HIT 19 August 2020 **OXCGRT** 19 August 2020 Download data set and taxonomy







Perspectives

- We plan to:
 - Maintain the dataset quality level with regular updates on the countries currently described.
 - Increase the geographic coverage of the dataset.
 - Further stabilize our coding scheme (in particular regarding measures related to "Retuning to normal life").
 - Maintain the work with the WHO.
 - Further develop our visualisation tool.
- Updates are planned until the end of December 2020.







Benefit and impact

- The consistent coding of the NPIs uniquely enables inter-country comparison of the COVID-19 responses and a global overview of the decision patterns.
- Combined with case data, the dataset enables to assess the effectiveness of the NPIs and to develop preparedness plan anticipating a second wave of cases.
- It can also improve the risk assessment of lifting some restrictions.
- We envision the dataset to become a long-lasting data source for assessing the impact of the NPIs on public health, the economy, and human rights.







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- Data collection: Alexandra Roux
- All other contributors

Ahne V., Álvarez S., Bartoszek M., Berishaj D., Bulska D., Chakraborty A., Chen E., Chen X., Cserjan D., Dervic A., Di Natale A., Ferreira M.R., Flores Tames E., Garncarek Z., Gliga D.S., Gooriah L., Grzymała-Moszczyńska J., Jurczak A., Haberfellner S., Hadziavdic L., Holder S., Korbel J., Lederhilger D., Niederkrotenthaler T., Pacheco A., Pocasangre-Orellana X.M., Reddish J., Reisch V., Stangl J., Stoeger L., Takriti H., Ten A., Vierlinger R.

